

**Soils and Biogeochemistry ..... 38-46**

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|--|-------|
| Soil Science 100.....  | 5     |
| Select four courses from Environmental and Resource Sciences 100, Hydrology 134, Soil Science 105, 107, 109, 111, 112 or 120.....  | 17-21 |
| Select two courses from Environmental and Resource Sciences 121, Environmental Science and Policy 171, 172 or 179 (179 required if not taken under Core Subject Matter)..... | 7-8   |
| Select one course from Environmental and Resource Sciences 185, Geology 134, Hydrology 147, Landscape Design 150 or Soil Science 118.....                                    | 3-4   |
| Select two courses from Environmental and Resource Sciences 144, Environmental Science and Policy 116, 150A, 150C, 151, 155, Plant Biology 117 or Plant Sciences 130.....    | 6-8   |

**Watershed Science Track ..... 37-42**

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|---|-----|
| Hydrology 10.....   | 3   |
| Environmental and Resource Sciences 100.....  | 4   |
| Hydrology 143.....  | 3   |
| Geology 35.....   | 3   |
| Soil Science 100.....   | 5   |
| Select two courses from Environmental Science and Policy 168A, 169, 179 or Hydrology 150 (179 required if not taken under Core Subject Matter)..... | 6-8 |
| Select one course from Atmospheric Science 115, 116 or 133.....   | 3-4 |
| Select one pair from Environmental Science and Policy 151 & 151L or 155 & 155L.....   | 7   |
| Select one course from Entomology 116, Evolution and Ecology 115, 134 or Wildlife, Fish, and Conservation Biology 120.....                          | 3-5 |

**Unrestricted Electives ..... 13-51****Total Units for the Major ..... 180**

**Major Advisers.** Marcel Holyoak (*Environmental Science and Policy*) and Wendy Silk (*Land, Air, and Water Resources*)

**Advising centers** for the major, including peer advising, are located in both the Environmental Science and Policy and Land, Air, and Water Resources departments.

Climate Change, GIS, and Soils tracks are administered by Merlyn Potters in 1152 Plant and Environmental Sciences.

Ecology, Natural Resource and Watershed tracks are administered by Kimberly Mahoney in 2134 Wickson Hall.

## Environmental Science and Policy

(College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences)

Howard V. Cornell, Ph.D., Chairperson of the Department

**Department Office.** 2132 Wickson Hall (530) 752-3026

**Faculty**

Marissa L. Baskett, Ph.D., Assistant Professor  
Howard V. Cornell, Ph.D., Professor  
Charles R. Goldman, Ph.D., Professor

*Distinguished Graduate Mentoring Award*

Susan L. Handy, Ph.D., Professor

Susan P. Harrison, Ph.D., Professor

Alan M. Hastings, Ph.D., Professor

Marcel Holyoak, Ph.D., Professor

John L. Largier, Ph.D., Professor

C.-Y. Cynthia Lin, Ph.D., Assistant Professor

(*Environmental Science and Policy, Agricultural and Resource Economics*)

Mark N. Lubell, Ph.D., Associate Professor

Steven G. Morgan, Ph.D., Professor

Joan M. Ogden, Ph.D., Professor

Benjamin S. Orlove, Ph.D., Professor

James F. Quinn, Ph.D., Professor

Eliska Rejmankova, Ph.D., Professor

Peter J. Richerson, Ph.D., Professor

Paul A. Sabatier, Ph.D., Professor

James N. Sanchirico, Ph.D., Associate Professor

Mark W. Schwartz, Ph.D., Professor

Andrew Sih, Ph.D., Professor

Daniel Sperling, Ph.D., Professor (*Environmental Science and Policy, Civil and Environmental Engineering*)

Thomas P. Tomich, Ph.D./, Professor (*Environmental Science and Policy, Human and Community Development*)

Thomas P. Tomich, Ph.D./, Professor (*Environmental Science and Policy, Human and Community Development*)

**Affiliated Faculty**

Edwin D. Grosholz, Ph.D., Specialist in Cooperative Extension

**Emeriti Faculty**

Robert A. Johnston, M.S., Professor Emeritus

Seymour I. Schwartz, Ph.D., Professor Emeritus, *Academic Senate Distinguished Teaching Award*

**The Program of Study**

Environmental Science and Policy is a teaching and research department offering courses, workshops, and directed group study classes that focus on the complex problems of human-environment relations. The department offers Bachelor of Science degrees in Environmental Biology and Management and in Environmental Policy Analysis and Planning. Courses in Environmental Science and Policy also supplement major programs in a wide variety of established disciplines, although highly motivated undergraduates who find existing majors unsuited to their educational objectives are encouraged to contact the chairperson and faculty of the department regarding individual majors in the College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences (see [Individual Major](#), on page 331).

**Current Information.** Through its continuing contacts with many other departments and teaching divisions on the campus, the department develops a variety of special courses and workshops each year that cannot be listed here. Check with the Department office and with the expanded course description handbook of the College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences for up-to-date information about courses.

**Graduate Study.** The Graduate Group in Ecology which is housed in Environmental Science & Policy offers a M.S. and Ph.D. degree program. Further information about graduate programs in ecology should be obtained from the chairperson of the Graduate Group in Ecology.

**Graduate Adviser.** See the *Class Schedule and Registration Guide*.

**Courses in Environmental Science and Policy (ESP)****Lower Division Courses****1. Environmental Analysis (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: University Writing 1; Biological Sciences 1A, 1B; upper-division University Writing Program recommended. Analysis of the physical, biological, and social interactions which constitute environmental problems. Emphasis on analysis of environmental problems, the consequences of proposed solutions, and the interaction of environmental science and public policy in creating solutions.—III. (III.) Sanchirico

**10. Current Issues in the Environment (3)**

Lecture—3 hours. Prerequisite: elementary biology recommended. The science behind environmental issues, and policies affecting our ability to solve domestic and international environmental problems. Resources, environmental quality, regulation, environmental perception and conservation. Integrative case studies. Not open for credit to students who have completed course 1. GE credit: SciEng.—II. (II.) Schwartz

**10D. Current Issues in the Environment—Discussion (1)**

Discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 10 concurrently. Small group discussions and preparation of papers for course 10. GE credit with concurrent enrollment in course 10: Wrt.—II. (II.) Schwartz

**30. World Ecosystems & Geography (3)**

Lecture—3 hours. An introduction to the earth's major geographic regions and associated ecosystems, such as deserts, temperate forests, and oceans with an examination of how climate, vegetation regimes, ecological processes, and human activities interact in different regions of the world. (Same course as Environmental and Resource Sciences 30.) GE credit: SciEng.—II, III. (II, III.)

**30G. The Global Ecosystem: Laboratory/Discussion (2)**

Laboratory/discussion—3 hours. Prerequisite: course 30 concurrently. Presents natural history skills in plant and animal identification, soils, and geology. Emphasis on the diverse organisms and habitats of Northern California. GE credit with concurrent enrollment in course 30: Wrt.

**92. Internship (1-12)**

Internship—3-36 hours. Prerequisite: lower division standing and consent of instructor. Work experience off and on campus in all subject areas offered in the College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences. Internship supervised by member of the faculty. (P/NP grading only.)

**98. Directed Group Study (1-5)**

Prerequisite: consent of instructor. Primarily for lower division students. (P/NP grading only.)

**Upper Division Courses****100. General Ecology (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisites: Biological Sciences 1A, 1B, 1C, Mathematics 16A, 16B; Statistics 13 recommended. Theoretical and experimental analysis of the distribution, growth and regulation of species populations; predator-prey and competitive interactions; and the organization of natural communities. Application of evolutionary and ecological principles to selected environmental problems.—I, II. (I, II.) Cornell, Sih

**101. Ecology, Nature, and Society (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Anthropology 1 or 2 or course 30 or Evolution and Ecology 100 or Biological Sciences 101. Interdisciplinary study of diversity and change in human societies, using frameworks from anthropology, evolutionary ecology, history, archaeology, psychology, and other fields. Topics include population dynamics, subsistence transitions, family organization, disease, economics, warfare, politics, and resource conservation. (Same course as Anthropology 101.) GE credit: SocSci, Div, Wrt.—I. (II.) Borg-erhoff Mulder

**102. Cultural Ecology (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: one lower division course in the social sciences, upper division standing. Comparative survey of the interaction between diverse human cultural systems and the environment. Primary emphasis given to people in rural and relatively undeveloped environments as a basis for interpreting complex environments. Not open for credit to students who have completed course 133. (Former course 133.) [Same course as Anthropology 102.] GE credit: SocSci, Div, Wrt.—III. (III.) Orlove

**105. Evolution of Societies and Cultures (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Anthropology 1 or 2 or course 30 or Evolution and Ecology 100 or Biological Sciences 101. Interdisciplinary study of social and cultural evolution in humans. Culture as a system of inheritance, psychology of cultural learning, culture as an adaptive system, evolution of maladaptations, evolution of technology and institutions, evolutionary transitions in human history, coevolution of genetic and cultural variation. Only 2 units of credit to students who have

**Quarter Offered:** I=Fall, II=Winter, III=Spring, IV=Summer; 2009-2010 offering in parentheses

**General Education (GE) credit:** ArtHum=Arts and Humanities; SciEng=Science and Engineering; SocSci=Social Sciences; Div=Social-Cultural Diversity; Wrt=Writing Experience

completed course 101 or Anthropology 101 prior to fall 2004. (Same course as Anthropology 105.) GE credit: SocSci, Wrt.—III. (III.) McElreath, Richerson

#### (a) Environmental Science

##### 110. Principles of Environmental Science (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Physics 1A or 7A, Mathematics 16B or 21B, and Biological Sciences 1A. Application of physical and chemical principles, ecological concepts, and systems approach to policy analysis of atmospheric environments, freshwater and marine environments, land use, energy supplies and technology, and other resources.—II. (II.) Largier

##### 111. Marine Environmental Issues (1)

Discussion—1 hour; seminar—2 hours. Prerequisite: upper division standing or consent of instructor; concurrent enrollment in at least one course from courses 124, 152, Evolution and Ecology 106, 110, 114; residence at or near Bodega Marine Laboratory required. Student must complete the application available at <http://www.bml.ucdavis.edu>. An examination of critical environmental issues occurring in coastal waters. Course links together material from concurrent courses at BML to develop an integrative understanding of marine environments and their conservation. Includes readings, group discussions, and interaction with visiting speakers. May be repeated two times for credit. (Same Course as Evolution and Ecology 111.)—IV. (IV.) Gaylord, Largier, Morgan, Sanford

##### 116. The Oceans (3)

Lecture—3 hours. Introductory survey of the marine environment; oceanic physical phenomena, chemical constituents, geological history, the sea's biota, and utilization of marine resources. (Same course as Geology 116.) GE credit: SciEng.

##### 116N. Oceanography (3)

Lecture—2 hours; laboratory—3 hours; field work. Prerequisite: one of Geology 1, 2, 16 or 50. Advanced oceanographic topics: Chemical, physical, geological, and biological processes; research methods and data analysis; marine resources, anthropogenic impacts, and climate change; integrated earth/ocean/atmosphere systems; weekly lab and one weekend field trip. Offered in alternate years. (Same course as Geology 116N.)—II. (II.) Hill, McClain, Spero

#### (b) Ecological Analysis

##### 121. Population Ecology (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Biological Sciences 1B, 1C, Mathematics 16A-16B. Development of exponential and logistic growth models for plant and animal populations, analysis of age structure and genetic structure, analysis of competition and predator-prey systems. Emphasis is on developing models and using them to make predictions and solve problems. Offered in alternate years. GE credit: SciEng, Wrt.—II. Hastings

##### 123. Introduction to Field and Laboratory Methods in Ecology (4)

Lecture—2 hours; laboratory—6 hours. Prerequisite: course 100 or the equivalent, Statistics 102 or the equivalent. Introduces students to methods used for collecting ecological data in field and laboratory situations. Methods used by population ecologists and community ecologists; emphasis on experimental design, scientific writing and data analysis.—(III.) M. Schwartz

##### 124. Marine and Coastal Field Ecology (3)

Lecture—2 hours; discussion—1 hour; laboratory—3 hours; fieldwork—3 hours. Prerequisite: upper division standing or consent of instructor. Introductory animal biology (Biological Sciences 1B) recommended; residence at or near Bodega Marine Lab required. Student must complete the application available at <http://www.bml.ucdavis.edu>. Ecology of marine populations and communities living in diverse habitats along the California coast. Hands-on learning using scientific process and tools of the biological trade to address ecological questions arising during field trips. Critical thinking through discussing scientific literature.—IV. (IV.) Morgan

##### 125A. Field Ecology (4)

Lecture—15 hours; discussion—10 hours; field work—15 hours (for two-week period). Prerequisite: consent of instructor. Designed to instruct and demonstrate to students the value and approaches of experimental research using the hypothetico-deductive experimental approach. May be taken only as part of the White Mountain Research Supercourse.

##### 125B. Physiological Ecology (4)

Lecture—15 hours; discussion—10 hours; laboratory—15 hours (for two-week period). Prerequisite: consent of instructor. An examination of the functional means by which animals and plants cope with their environments, the physiological limits that determine the boundary conditions of various ecological niches. Unifying principles that describe the regulatory features of all animals or plants emphasized. May be taken only as part of the White Mountain Research Supercourse.—Quinn

##### 125C. Applied Conservation Biology (4)

Lecture—10 hours; discussion—10 hours; field work—15 hours (for two-week period). Prerequisite: consent of instructor. Designed to introduce students to the complexities, and realities, of natural resource exploitation and preservation, emphasizing the trade-offs between economic benefits and ecosystem stability and sustainability. May be taken only as part of the White Mountain Research Supercourse.

##### 127. Plant Conservation Biology (4)

Lecture/discussion—3 hours; discussion—1 hour; term paper. Prerequisite: Environmental Science and Policy 100 or equivalent upper division general ecology. Principles governing the conservation of plant species and plant communities, including the roles of fire, exotic species, grazing, pollination, soils, and population genetics; analytic and practical techniques for plant conservation; and introduction to relevant legal, ethical, and policy issues. Limited enrollment.—II. (II.) Harrison

#### (d) Aquatic Ecosystems Analysis

##### 150A. Physical and Chemical Oceanography (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Environmental Science and Policy/Geology 116, Physics 9B, Mathematics 22C, Chemistry 1C; or upper division standing in a natural science and consent of instructor. Physical and chemical properties of seawater, fluid dynamics, air-sea interaction, currents, waves, tides, mixing, major oceanic geochemical cycles. (Same course as Geology 150A.)—I. (I.) McClain, Spero, Largier

##### 150B. Geological Oceanography (3)

Lecture—3 hours. Prerequisite: Geology 50 or 116. Introduction to the origin and geologic evolution of ocean basins. Composition and structure of oceanic crust; marine volcanism; and deposition of marine sediments. Interpretation of geologic history of the ocean floor in terms of sea-floor spreading theory. (Same course as Geology 150B.)—II. (II.) McClain

##### 150C. Biological Oceanography (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour; fieldwork—one weekend field trip required. Prerequisite: Biological Sciences 1A and a course in general ecology or consent of instructor. Ecology of major marine habitats, including intertidal, shelf benthic, deep-sea and plankton communities. Existing knowledge and contemporary issues in research. Segment devoted to human use. (Same course as Geology 150C.)—IV. (IV.)

##### 151. Limnology (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour; special project. Prerequisite: Biological Sciences 1A and junior standing. The biology and productivity of inland waters with emphasis on the physical and chemical environment.—III. (III.) C. Goldman

##### 151L. Limnology Laboratory (3)

Laboratory—6 hours; two weekend field trips. Prerequisite: course 151 (may be taken concurrently); junior, senior, or graduate standing. Limnological studies of lakes, streams, and reservoirs with interpretation of aquatic ecology.—III. (III.) C. Goldman

##### 152. Coastal Oceanography (3)

Lecture—2 hours; discussion—1 hour; laboratory—3 hours; fieldwork—3 hours. Prerequisite: upper division standing or consent of the instructor; physics (Physics 9B), calculus (Mathematics 21B) and exposure to physical and chemical oceanography (Geology/Environmental Science and Policy 150A) are recommended; residence at or near Bodega Marine Laboratory required. Student must complete the application available at <http://www.bml.ucdavis.edu>. The oceanography of coastal waters, including bays, river plumes, nearshore and estuaries; focus on transport patterns, how they are forced and implications for ecological and environmental problems. Pertinent for students in oceanography, ecology, environmental engineering, geology and hydrology.—IV. (IV) Largier

##### 155. Wetland Ecology (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 100 or Plant Biology 117 required; course 110 or 151 recommended. Introduction to wetland ecology. The structure and function of major wetland types and principles that are common to wetlands and that distinguish them from terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems.—I. (I.) Rejmankova

##### 155L. Wetland Ecology Laboratory (3)

Lecture—1 hour; laboratory—6 hours; field-work—two 1-day weekend field trips. Prerequisite: course 155 required (may be taken concurrently). Modern and classic techniques in wetland field ecology. Emphasis on sampling procedures, vegetation analysis, laboratory analytical procedures, and examples of successful wetland restoration techniques.—I. (I.) Rejmankova

#### (e) Environmental Policy Analysis

##### 160. The Policy Process (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Political Science 1; Economics 1A; intermediate statistics; course 172. Alternative models of public policymaking and application to case studies in the U.S. and California.—II. (II.) Sabatier

##### 161. Environmental Law (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: upper division standing and one course in environmental science (course 1, 10, 110, Biological Sciences 1A, Environmental Toxicology 10, or Resource Sciences 100); Political Science 1 and University Writing Program 1 recommended. Introduction for non-Law School students to some of the principal issues in environmental law and the judicial interpretation of some important environmental statutes, e.g., NEPA. GE credit: SocSci, Wrt.—III. (III.)

##### 162. Environmental Policy (4)

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Economics 1A. Compares economic with socio-cultural approaches to understanding the causes of environmental problems and strategies for addressing them. Includes different approaches to the policy process, policy instruments, and environmental behavior. Applies these principles to several problems.—(II.)

##### 163. Energy and Environmental Aspects of Transportation (4)

Lecture—3 hours; extensive writing. Prerequisite: Economics 1A and Civil and Environmental Engineering 162. Engineering, economic, and systems planning concepts. Analysis and evaluation of energy, air quality and selected environmental attributes of transportation technologies. Strategies for reducing pollution and petroleum consumption in light of institutional and political constraints. Evaluation of vehicle emission models. (Same course as Civil and Environmental Engineering 163.) Offered in alternate years. GE credit: Wrt.—I. Sperling

##### 164. Ethical Issues in Environmental Policy (3)

Lecture—3 hours. Prerequisite: courses 160, 168A; seniors only in Environmental Policy Analysis and Planning or by consent of instructor. Basic modes of ethical reasoning and criteria of distributive justice applied to selected topics in environmental policymaking.—III. (III.) Sabatier

**165. Science, Experts and Public Policy (4)**

Lecture—4 hours. Prerequisite: upper division standing in the social or biological sciences; course 160 or Political Science 108 recommended. Analysis of factors affecting the influence of scientists, planners, and other experts in policymaking. Several cases and controversies will be examined.

**166. Policy Making in Natural Resource Agencies (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; laboratory/discussion—2 hours. Prerequisite: Political Science 1. Analysis of factors that shape the behavior and performance of public agencies responsible for natural resource management and environmental protection. Internet resources and field work used to design and execute a research and writing project on a selected agency or inter-agency program. GE Credit: Wrt.

**167. Energy Policy (4)**

Lecture—4 hours. Prerequisite: Resource Sciences 3 or Engineering 160; course 160 or Political Science 101, 107, or 109. Overview of U.S. energy policy; policy analysis, philosophy and methods; major policy issues, such as renewable vs. nonrenewable; and applied studies of power plants, solar residential, and state policy options. Offered in alternate years.—(III.) Ogden

**168A. Methods of Environmental Policy Evaluation (5)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour; term paper. Prerequisite: Statistics 13; Economics 100 or Agricultural and Resource Economics 100A; Mathematics 16B or 21B; course 1; upper division standing. Evaluation of alternatives for solution of complex environmental problems; impact analysis, benefit-cost analysis, distributional analysis, decision making under uncertainty, and multi-objective evaluation.—I. (I.) Ogden

**168B. Methods of Environmental Policy Analysis (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 168A. Continuation of course 168A, with emphasis on examination of the literature for applications of research and evaluation techniques to problems of transportation, air and water pollution, land use, and energy policy. Students will apply the methods and concepts by means of a major project.

**169. Water Policy and Politics (3)**

Lecture—3 hours. Prerequisite: Economics 1A or Political Science 1. The governance of water, including issues of water pollution/quality and water supply. The politics of water decision-making and effectiveness of water policy. Broad focus on federal water policy, with case examples from nationally significant U.S. watersheds. GE credit: SocSci.—III. (III.) Lubell

**(f) Environmental Planning****170. Conservation Biology Policy (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 1 and Economics 1A; Economics 100 or Agricultural and Resource Economics 100A recommended. Analysis of policies designed to conserve species and their habitats. Emphasis on how individual incentives affect the success of conservation policies. Valuation of endangered species and biodiversity. Criteria for deciding conservation priorities.—III. Schwartz

**171. Urban and Regional Planning (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour; term paper. Prerequisite: course 1; a course in social science and a course in environmental science. How cities plan for growth in ways that minimize environmental harm. Standard city planning tools (general plan, zoning ordinance) and innovative new approaches. Focus on planning requirements and practices in California. Relationships between local, regional, state, and federal policy.—III. (III.) Handy

**172. Public Lands Management (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Economics 1A. Investigation of alternative approaches to public lands management by Federal and state agencies. The role each agency's legislation plays in determining the range of resource allocations. GE credit: SocSci.—I. (I.) Lubell

**173. Land Use and Growth Controls (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Political Science 1, Economics 1A, intermediate statistics (Sociology 106 or Statistics 102 or the equivalent), and local government (Applied Behavioral Science 157, 158 or Political Science 100, 102 or 104.) Exposes students to the economic, political, and legal factors affecting land use and growth controls, and helps students critically evaluate written materials in terms of their arguments and supporting data.

**175. Natural Resource Economics (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Agricultural and Resource Economics 100B or Economics 100 or the equivalent. Economic concepts and policy issues associated with natural resources, renewable resources (ground water, forests, fisheries, and wildlife populations) and non-renewable resources (minerals and energy resources, soil). (Same course as Agricultural and Resource Economics 175.) GE credit: SocSci.—III. (III.) Lin

**178. Applied Research Methods (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Statistics 103 or Sociology 106 or the equivalent. Research methods for analysis of urban and regional land use, transportation, and environmental problems. Survey research and other data collection techniques; demographic analysis; basic forecasting, air quality, and transportation models. Collection, interpretation, and critical evaluation of data.—II. (II.) Handy

**179. Environmental Impact Assessment (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: upper division standing and one course in environmental science (course 100, 110 or the equivalent). Introduction to the information resources and methods typically used in environmental impact analysis. Emphasis on how environmental information is applied to planning, environmental regulation, and public policymaking, with case studies from California land use and natural resource policy.—III. (III.) Quinn

**179L. Environmental Impact Reporting Using Geographic Information (2)**

Laboratory/discussion—2 hours; laboratory—4 hours. Prerequisite: course 179 concurrently. Introduction to Geographic Information Systems (GIS) by using ArcView for assessment and environmental planning. Not open for credit to students who have completed Applied Biological Systems Technology 180, 181 or Agricultural Systems and Environment 132.

**(g) Other Courses****190. Workshops on Environmental Problems (1-8)**

Laboratory—2-16 hours. Prerequisite: consent of instructor. Workshops featuring empirical analyses of contemporary environmental problems by multidisciplinary student teams. Guided by faculty and lay professionals, the teams seek to develop an integrated view of a problem and outline a series of alternative solutions. Open to all upper division and graduate students on application. (P/NP grading only.)—I, II, III. (I, II, III.)

**192. Internship (1-12)**

Internship—3-36 hours. Prerequisite: completion of 84 units and consent of instructor. Work experience off and on campus in all subject areas offered in the College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences. Internships supervised by a member of the faculty. (P/NP grading only.)

**198. Directed Group Study (1-5)**

(P/NP grading only.)

**199. Special Study for Advanced Undergraduates (1-5)**

Prerequisite: consent of instructor. (P/NP grading only.)

**Graduate Courses****212A. Environmental Policy Process (4)**

Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course in public policy (e.g., Environmental Science and Policy 160); environmental law (e.g., Environ-

mental Science and Policy 161); course in bureaucratic theory (e.g., Political Science 187 or Environmental Science and Policy 166); course in statistics (e.g., Sociology 106 or Agricultural and Resource Economics 106). Introduction to selected topics in the policy process, applications to the field of environmental policy. Develops critical reading skills, understanding of frameworks of the policy process and political behavior, and an ability to apply multiple frameworks to the same phenomena. Offered in alternate years. (Same course as Ecology 212A.)—III. Sabatier

**212B. Environmental Policy Evaluation (4)**

Lecture—1 hour; discussion—1 hour; seminar—2 hours. Prerequisite: intermediate microeconomics (e.g., Economics 100); Statistics 108 or Agricultural and Resource Economics 106; policy analysis (e.g., Environmental Science and Policy 168A or the equivalent); Agricultural and Resource Economics 176. Methods and practices of policy analysis; philosophical and intellectual bases of policy analysis and the political role of policy analysis. (Same course as Ecology 212B.) Offered in alternate years.

**220. Tropical Ecology (3)**

Lecture—2 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: advanced introductory ecology course—course 100, Evolution and Ecology 101, 117; Evolution and Ecology 138 recommended. Open to graduate and undergraduate students who meet requirement subject to consent of instructor. An overview of present status of knowledge on structure and processes of major tropical ecosystems. Differences and similarities among tropical and temperate systems stressed. Offered in alternate years.—(III.) Rejmankova

**228. Advanced Simulation Modeling (3)**

Lecture—2 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: courses 128-128L; Statistics 108 or Agricultural and Resource Economics 106. Advanced techniques in simulation modeling; optimization and simulation, dynamic parameter estimation, linear models, error propagation, and sensitivity testing. Latter half of course will introduce model evaluation in ecological and social system models.

**252. Sustainable Transportation Technology and Policy (3)**

Lecture—2 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 160 or the equivalent. Role of technical fixes and demand management in creating a sustainable transportation system. Emphasis on technology options, including alternative fuels, electric propulsion, and IVHS. Analysis of market demand and travel behavior, environmental impacts, economics and politics. (Same course as Civil and Environmental Engineering 252.)—III. Sperling

**275. Economic Analysis of Resource and Environmental Policies (4)**

Lecture/discussion—4 hours. Prerequisite: Agricultural and Resource Economics 204/Economics 204. Development of externality theory, market failure concepts, welfare economics, theory of renewable and non-renewable resource use, and political economic models. Applications to policy issues regarding the agricultural/environment interface and managing resources in the public domain. (Same course as Agricultural and Resource Economics 275.)—III. (III.)

**278. Research Methods in Environmental Policy (3)**

Lecture/discussion—3 hours. Prerequisite: Agricultural and Resource Economics 106 or the equivalent. Introduction to scientific research in environmental policy. Major issues in the philosophy of the social sciences. How to design research that acknowledges theoretical assumptions and that is likely to produce evidence in an intersubjectively reliable fashion with explicit recognition of its uncertainties. Offered in alternate years.—(III.) Sabatier

**298. Directed Group Study (1-5)****299. Research (1-12)**

Prerequisite: graduate standing. (S/U grading only.)